## Paul's Proof

#### Just the facts...

- a. If Paul received his gospel from other men, then he is far behind 'true' apostles such as Peter and John
- b. If he received it directly from God, he is a genuine apostle
- Nowhere does Galatians provide a complete biography of Paul. He defends himself only to defend the gospel (similar to 2 Co.10-13)
- d. Paul's position: he was no more man-taught than the other apostles were

## 11: I make known to you

- Hope for Galatians [brethren]; not for Judaizers
- Galatians have been deceived. Paul uses strong language to wake them up...
- Gospel he preached is <u>not</u> according to man not the product of his own reasoning.
- No man would have thought of the gospel.
   1 Co.2<sup>9</sup> Eye has not seen, nor ear heard, nor have entered into the heart of man the things which God has prepared for those who love Him
- Not result of earthly authority

#### 12:

- 1.) I neither received it from man, nor was I taught it
- Triple negative (11-12): not... neither... nor
- Cf. 1 Co.11:23
- Paul glorifies his ministry, Ro.11:13 calls himself least of the apostles... 1 Co.15:9
- 2 Co.12:11 Mt.16:18-19 Ac.1-2
- OT prophecies: Isa.2 Joel 2 Dn.2 Ac.2

### Paul is an apostle . . .

- 2.) ...but *it came* through the revelation of Jesus Christ, Gal.1:12 [the true Author]
  - 'Revelation' uncovering, disclosing ... same divine source as other apostles
  - 2 Co.12:1,7, abundance of revelations [Ep.3:3-5]
  - Paul as persecutor had some knowledge of Christ (e.g.: Stephen) but it was not inspired
  - Twelve apostles heard Lord's teaching [three years], but this alone did not make them apostles (e.g.: Judas). [Jn.14-16; Ac.1-2]

## II. Aim of Gospel, 1:13

### You have heard of my past...

- Paul freely confesses his former career [persecution].
   Ac.26:4-5...Ph.3:5
- I persecuted the church...: attack; cause complete destruction; lay waste, v.23. Ac.9:21

Paul did not receive gospel from apostles before his conversion (13-20)

- His violence against Christians was extreme (he viewed gospel as blasphemy)
- He was fully devoted to Pharisaism
- The church was his enemy. Ac.7. Ac.9:5

## You have heard of my past...

- His persecuting passion shows that only God's intervention could have changed him.
- This parallels Ac.2 <u>miracles</u> proved the message; thousands obeyed...
- Our written miracles do the same today.
- John 20<sup>30</sup> And truly Jesus did many other signs in the presence of His disciples, which are not written in this book; <sup>31</sup> but these are written that you may believe that Jesus is the Christ, the Son of God, and that believing you may have life in His name.

## Our written miracles do the same today.

 2 Peter 1<sup>16</sup> For we did not follow cunningly devised fables when we made known to you the power and coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, but were eyewitnesses of His majesty. <sup>17</sup> For He received from God the Father honor and glory when such a voice came to Him from the Excellent Glory: "This is My beloved Son, in whom I am well pleased." 18 And we heard this voice which came from heaven when we were with Him on the holy mountain. <sup>19</sup> And so we have the prophetic word confirmed, which you do well to take heed...

II. Aim of Gospel, 1:13

III. Advance in Judaism, 1:14

# Paul was happy and prosperous in ignorance Ph.3:4-6

- Zealous for traditions of fathers
  - He surpassed Gamaliel, Ac.5:33-39
  - Ac.8:3; 26:5, 9-10-11
- Paul went to head of class; <u>advanced</u> in Judaism. [Not all progress is good]
- Paul was more zealous for traditions of fathers. [Ac.5:33-39]
- Paul alludes to Jeremiah (Jer.1:5)

II. Aim of Gospel, 1:13

III. Advance of Gospel, 1:14

IV. Appointed an Apostle, 1:15

#### Paul:

By birth / education: Hebrew, Greek, Ac.22:3

By citizenship: Roman, Ac.22:...25-29

By appointment: apostle, Ac.22:10

- Especially to Gentiles: Ac.22:21 [28:17...23-29]
- His physical eyes saw Lord; ears heard Him
- Separated from mother's womb.
  - Who would have thought a baby born to strict Pharisees would become an apostle to fight Pharisaism? Jer.1:5

#### Paul:

By birth / education: Hebrew, Greek, Ac.22:3

By citizenship: Roman, Ac.22:...25-29

By appointment: apostle, Ac.22:10

By grace: 1 Co.15:9-10. Ac.9

- God would have been right to send Paul to hell
- God would use His greatest enemy to preach gospel of His Son
- God's grace changed Saul from breathing murderous threats into one who breathed doxologies in praise of Jesus

II. Aim of Gospel, 1:13

III. Advance of Gospel, 1:14

IV. Appointed an Apostle, 1:15

V. Assignment from Lord, 1:16-19

#### 16: reveal His Son in me

- Context: how he received gospel (v.12, 11, 1).
- That I might preach Him (pres.t.).
  - I did not confer with (consult) flesh and blood:
    - fallible man, here in contrast to God; 5x in
       NT. Not taught by man.
      - Mt.16:17, flesh & blood... Gal.1:16. 1 K.13
  - Revelation: opposite of knowledge by study...
  - Could men improve God's revelation?
  - Paul was not taught / did not need to be taught, by other apostles. Ac.26:17-19
  - Paul's work fulfilled OT: Amos 9; Isa.49

- 17: Paul went away from other apostles
- Arabia . . . Damascus (2 Co.11:33)
  - Paul is not under other apostles
  - Paul is under direct commands of Lord
  - Jerusalem did not receive him (Ac.22:17-18)
  - Lord sent him to Gentiles (Ac.22:21)

## 18: After three years

- Ac.9:23, after 'many days' Jewish plot...
- 1 K.2:38-39
  - Date: three years after his conversion
  - Determination: visit, make the acquaintance of Cephas
  - Duration: fifteen days (Ac.9:29-30)
  - Persecution drove him from Damascus
  - Desire to meet Peter led him to Jerusalem
  - [Lord sent him away, Ac.22:17-21

19: Paul saw no other apostle

He did see James [not one of the twelve]

II. Aim of Gospel, 1:13

III. Advance of Gospel, 1:14

IV. Appointed an Apostle, 1:15

V. Assignment from Lord, 1:16-19

VI. Answers to Critics, 1:20-24

- 20: Paul will answer questions with truth; he has no motive to lie (2 Co.11:31)
- 21: Could not have received gospel from apostles while working in Syria and Cilicia.

[No other apostles in these places]



22: Unknown by face. He did not work in area where apostles could teach him. Stranger to Christians in Judea.

- 23: They were hearing of his conversion...
  - He preaches the faith (present tense) he once tried to destroy (imperfect tense)
  - Paul, the <u>persecutor</u>, tore down (v.13);
     Paul, the <u>preacher</u>, builds up (11, 16)
- 24: 'They glorified God in me' not only approved of his work, but marveled at power of God that could harness such a persecutor!
  - Judaizers are ones at odds with Peter
  - Judean churches approved Paul's work a devastating blow to Judaizers. [cf. Ac.15:1]

# Christians in Judea... ...glorified God for Paul's preaching

 Contrast: Ac.15:1, and certain men came down from Judea and taught the brethren, 'Unless you are circumcised according to the custom of Moses, you cannot be saved.'

#### Lessons

- 1. Refutes Judaizers: 'Jerusalem leaders are only persons in authority to say what true gospel is. Paul has no such authority.'
  - Contrast Gal.1:11-12 not of human origin or from human source
  - Paul on way to Damascus to annihilate the church. God arrested him ... all Damascus knew it.
- 2. Certainty is wonderful
- 3. Authority must be respected